**GDPR Compliancy**

**Article 4 of the EU GDPR (2016)** determines **Controllers** as:

‘the natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data’

And it determines **Processors** as:

“a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which processes personal data on behalf of the controller”

This means that **SRS are acting as Controllers** and **the application is the Processor**.

To comply with GDPR regulations, the application gathers no personally identifiable information, and any information that is gathered is done so using **Google Forms, which is GDPR Compliant.**

The data is stored within the country that it is gathered in, and since the application is designed to be used under supervision, that data will **only be gathered and stored in the UK**.

The application uses a **Disclaimer** to gain **consent**, and **explicitly states** the kind of data being gathered and **how it will be used**.

The Google Form will only be accessible by those with the link (so exclusively used by **SRS**) and **individual contributions can be removed by** **SRS** if required.

The application does not store any data, it only sends it to the Google Form. Therefore, **no data can be retrieved by users of the application**.

Since the application **does not monitor large amounts of data** on a regular basis, and **doesn’t gather personal data relating to convictions and offenses,** a Data Protection Officer is not required.

**SRS can still be contacted for further information**.

References:

European Parliament and Council of the European Union (2016). *Regulation on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (Data Protection Directive)*. Brussles: Council of the European Union, pp.1-88.